

WASHINGTON IS STARTLED BY CHINESE RESISTANCE.

Losses Reach a High Percentage and More Troops Must Go.

(Special to The Evening World.)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The despatches from Admiral Remy and Commander Tausig indicate that the allied army has met with the most stubborn resistance in its advance to Peking. The total casualties of 1,200 in a force of 18,000 engaged is a high percentage.

The important fact is clearly demonstrated that the Russians are actively participating in the advance and not sulking at Tientsin, as was erroneously alleged to have been stated in Gen. Chaffee's suppressed cablegram. The Russians are shown to have borne with the Japanese the brunt of battle.

Peking is a rice depot eight miles beyond Tientsin on the road to Peking. The Japanese have been especially anxious to capture these stores before they could be removed or destroyed by the Chinese.

It was expected the Government troops would attempt to make a stand at this place and news of a battle has been hourly anticipated.

The percentage of casualties at Peking is less than at the battle of Santiago, where the killed, wounded and missing aggregated 5.25 per cent. The marksmanship of the Chinese soldiers is exciting considerable comment among military authorities. It was not expected they would be able to do much execution.

A loss of even 7-12 per cent. by the allied army in its first engagement on the march to Peking, indicates that reinforcements will be necessary.

It is expected that Gen. Chaffee will now be able to furnish the War Department much additional information as to the probability of a successful march to Peking, the resistance to be anticipated and the necessity for more men in the American contingent.

OFFICIALS STUDY LI'S CABLE TO THE WORLD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The despatch to the World from Li Hung Chang was today shown to various officials, who regard it as confirmatory of informal advice.

It is held to indicate the withdrawal of China from her heretofore assumed position in preparation for submission to the conditions imposed by the President as essential to the use of good offices for the re-establishment of peace.

But it is pointed out that Li Hung Chang evades the question of unrestricted communication and confines himself to the removal of the Ministers to Tientsin.

Free communication with Minister Conger is the paramount issue raised by the Government. The removal of the Ministers will be antagonized until this demand is granted. It will be repeated and emphasized by the United States at every opportunity.

When Consul-General Goodnow advised the State Department that messages for Conger, written in plain English, were returned by the Chinese Government, Acting Secretary Adams immediately called Goodnow, Fowler and Readside to again urge upon representatives of the Imperial Government the necessity for communication.

This is in no sense an ultimatum and is regarded by officials as merely a reiteration of the President's note to the Emperor. It was sent to offset the threatened removal of the Ministers, although it is not believed any of them will consent to such removal.

A despatch was today received from Gen. MacArthur which is said to contain the information that he can meet the requirements of the Department and spare additional artillery for service in China.

LI HUNG CHANG CABLES TO EVENING WORLD.

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(Special Cable Despatch to The Evening World.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 5
To the Editor of The Evening World:
The Imperial decree, just issued, authorizing the escort of the Diplomatic Corps to a place of safety, renders action of the allied forces unnecessary. It is the first step toward the solution of the situation.

LI HUNG CHANG.

On Saturday The World cabled to Li Hung Chang, asking for the latest official information of the Chinese situation. The above response was received at The World office at 2:15 o'clock this morning.

It is of the utmost importance in the present crisis, confirming the special cables to The World that the ultimatum of our Government has resulted in a complete breakdown on the part of China.

China now agrees to give the long-hesitated envoys free communication with their respective governments and safe escort from Peking to Tientsin, where they will be protected by the international army. China is now knuckling to the United States, imploring that our Government intercede to prevent the allied forces from bombarding Peking.

CONSULS LEAVE CENTRAL CHINA.

(Continued from First Page.)

leave, with his Japanese colleagues. The mail service has been stopped.

Chungking is a commercial center in the province of Szechuen, in Central China. It is the province is the next south of Shanxi, where wholesale massacres of Christians have taken place under imperial orders.

Admiral Seymour's visit to Nanjing, on the Yangtze, was to concert measures for the protection of the foreigners in that region.

Some 3,000 British troops will be landed at Shanghai to defend that town.

COL. HAY FEVERISH.

Secretary Very Much Exhausted by the Strain of the Chinese Situation.

SUNAPEE LAKE, N. H., Aug. 6.—Secretary Hay, who reached here for his vacation last Saturday, was resting comfortably today.

The cold which he contracted on the trip from Washington has caused a slight fever, and the Secretary is very much exhausted by the strain of the Chinese situation.

His physician for the members of the family consider that the Secretary is suffering from anything more than a slight indisposition and that a few days' rest will thoroughly recuperate him.

Aug. 6.—Acting Sec-

COLONIALS IN CHINA WAR.

Victoria to Send 200, New South Wales 300 and South Australia 112 Men.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—In the House of Commons today First Lord of the Admiralty, Lord Fisher, announced that the Government had decided to send 200 men from Victoria, 300 from New South Wales and 112 from South Australia to China.

The troops were given a farewell by the Governor-General when leaving Sydney.

All were held in quarantine until the time limit from Cuba expired.

First Infantry, Three Hundred Strong, Arrives Here on the Way to China.

The United States transport Rowena, from Havana with a detachment of the First United States Infantry on board, bound for China, arrived in port today.

The troop numbers 19 officers and 300 men. They were given a farewell by the Governor-General when leaving Havana.

Aug. 6.—Acting Sec-



Uncle Sam—Now, you heathen, I'm a goin' ter let the Dowager Empress do a little worryin' about HER Minister—See!

AMBASSADOR WHITE HOME FROM GERMANY TALKS ON CHINA

When Andrew D. White, Ambassador to Germany, stepped down the gangplank from the Hamburg-American liner Deutschland the first question he asked an Evening World reporter who met him was: "Is Conger safe? Are the envoys in Peking safe?"

When told that they were he was overjoyed.

"One of our legation there," he said, "was an old secretary of mine—I mean Squire. Is he safe?"

When told that Mr. Squire had fought heroically in the British legation, he said: "Good! That's just like him."

Mr. White is home for a visit. His wife and family remained behind on the Danish steamer. He will remain there in six weeks. He is at the Fifth Avenue Hotel and will go to Ithaca tomorrow.

"The Germans," said the Ambassador, "are much excited over Chinese affairs, and especially the murder of Von Ketteler. There is much sympathy for his wife, an American woman, who has made hosts of friends in Germany."

"But I do not think it is going to lead to a general war. Nations do not rush into war as they used to do."

"Germany is determined to teach China a good lesson, but nothing cruel is intended as punishment, and beyond exacting indemnity I do not believe they mean to go."

They do not want any more territory there. Before I left, it was common talk about the Foreign Office that they had all the land they wanted there for naval purposes and they would not take any more.

"I think this co-operation among nations in China will be a good thing and will tend to the permanent peace of Europe."

"Our attitude, and especially the action of Admiral Kempff in not bombarding the forts, was a very wise one. It was that that put the envoys in peril."

"Our position is, of course, different from that of Germany. While we act concurrently with other nations we do not make any alliance. Germany, on the other hand, is willing to make alliances."

"How about the speech made by the Kaiser in which he told his troops to give no quarter?"

"That is a mistake. I do not believe she (Germany) had that in view at all. It was to give a quarter. I did not read it, but I did anybody in Berlin. The first line of that was in a foreign paper that reached me."

"But, as I understood it, he simply warned his soldiers that they were going to meet a desperate foe, who haven't learned to give quarter to an enemy, and that they must be prepared to deal with them from that standpoint."

GUGGENHEIMER KISSED A BRIDE.

Leontine Blan, Portrait Painter, Married by Acting Mayor.

Dr. Frederick J. Van Wyck of Rochester and Leontine Blan of Port Richmond, N. J., were married today in the Mayor's office by Acting Mayor Guggenheimer. The bride is the daughter of Dr. Jules Blan and the witnesses were Mrs. Thomas U. and Lawrence Blan.

After the ceremony Acting Mayor Guggenheimer said the fee of the officiant amounted to the first fee for the Mayor from the bride, which he got.

The couple asked Mayor Van Wyck to perform the ceremony, but he refused. Then it was decided to wait until Mr. Guggenheimer took the Mayor's chair. The bride is a well-known portrait painter, one of her pictures being a portrait of Henry George.

"Rough on Business"

New and successful treatment, only complete cure. Gives ease and comfort at once. Subdues inflammation. Alleviates fever, pain, soreness, tenderness. Reduces swelling and enlargement of joints; cures both hard and soft corns, and to tired, sore or feverish feet it gives relief and comfort at once. See at drug-

stores.

Aug. 6.—Acting Sec-

TROLLEY ON BROADWAY.

Metropolitan Railway Increases Capital to Pay for Change of Motive Power.

(Special to The Evening World.)
ALBANY, Aug. 6.—The Metropolitan Street Railway Company, of New York City, was today authorized by the State Railroad Commission to increase its capital stock from \$10,000,000 to \$12,000,000.

The proceeds of the sale of the new stock will be utilized in paying indebtedness and in changing the motive power from cable to underground electric trolley system on its lines on Broadway, Columbus avenue and Lexington avenue and in changing from horse power to storage battery the motive power of its street cars on Thirty-fourth street.

These changes will require an expenditure of about \$2,000,000, and the payment of \$1,000,000 will be used for the payment of floating indebtedness, constructed for the purchase of stocks in other street railway corporations in New York City.

DEAD IN BED; GAS ON.

Jacob Steigerwald Lay Fully Dressed and the Windows Were Tightly Shut.

Jacob Steigerwald, thirty, was found dead in bed this morning in his room, at 161 East One Hundred and Twentieth street.

The gas was turned on full. He was lying on the bed fully dressed in layette costume. The windows in the room were both open, Steigerwald had a good position and seemed to be very prosperous.

Aug. 6.—Acting Sec-

DOG SCARES WORSHIPPERS

Bit Two Children After It Was Thrown Out of Church.

Parishioners of the Church of the Transfiguration, at Hooper street and Marcy avenue, Brooklyn, were thrown into a panic just after mass today by a mad dog that ran through the church barking and snapping.

Those in the dog's way escaped him by standing on the seats of the pews, and a few women who fainted were cared for by those near them.

The sexton managed to corner the animal and threw him into the street.

The dog took up a course down Hooper street, and ran a block with a crowd after him. The door of the house at 44 Hooper street was open and the dog dashed into the hallway, where two colored children tried to stop him. He bit each of them and ran down into the cellar.

There he was cornered by a policeman and shot.

The wounds of the children were cauterized. Their names were not obtained.

HATTER DUNLAP BURIED.

Throng of Mourners at Funeral Service in St. Thomas's Church.

The funeral of Robert Dunlap, the hatter, held today from St. Thomas's Church, Fifty-third street and Fifth avenue. It was attended by a large throng of mourners, chief among them being the widow of the dead man, the son, W. A. Dunlap, and three daughters, Mrs. A. H. Lamson, Mrs. J. E. Bradshaw and Mrs. E. A. Baker.

The service was conducted by Rev. Dr. De Witt L. Pelton, the curate of the church. The Protestant Episcopal burial service was read and a quartet sang several hymns at different parts of the service. There was no eulogy and the ceremony was not pretentious.

Several handsome floral pieces were among the offerings. The pallbearers were business men of this and other cities.

IN ANARCHIST'S TRUNK.

Loan and "Red" Newspapers Advocating Violence in the Croton Strike.

The detectives in examining the trunk of Anarchist Liana, left at his former home, 7 Cornhill street, found two issues of the Anarchist publication, La Question Sociale, published by the Patterson group, known as the Right to Existence.

One issue of April 28 contained an article on "Disobedience," contributed by a writer signing himself "Hafuz."

It was a tirade against three Italian newspapers for accepting favors from the Italian Government.

Another issue, dated May 1, had a three-column article signed G. P. Filippo on "Disobedience." It said that inasmuch as the Government used cannon-balls on the poor, oppressed workers it was no more than right that the strikers should retaliate with dynamite and kerosene.

LINER'S OFFICER SUICIDE FOR LOVE.

Thiele Shot Himself in Stateroom, It Is Said, When Beautiful Passenger Spurned Him.

Fourth Officer E. Thiele, of the Hamburg-American liner Deutschland, committed suicide in his stateroom on the second day out of his trip, which ended in Hoboken this morning.

A report of the tragedy is that the fourth officer shot himself after being suspended by Capt. Albers for being asleep on the bridge during his watch.

Another story of the suicide is that Thiele, who was a young and sprightly officer, killed himself because a beautiful American girl, who was a passenger, refused attentions which he urged upon her with the desperation of a man madly in love.

He deserted his post, according to this account, to renew his suit with the beautiful passenger, who was in just the mood to be won.

The lad went down in disgrace.

Five minutes after a shot was heard in the cabin of Second Officer Frank.

First Officer Schwabinger, standing

by, broke in the door. He found Thiele stretched out with a bullet in his brain. Passengers had seen the handiwork of the young fellow met on the bridge and knew what the pistol shot meant.

Few of them saw the final scene at 2 o'clock the following morning, when the body of the suicide was dropped into the sea.

Capt. Albers said: "Young Thiele had been acting peculiarly from the time we left port. I fancy he was worrying over family or money matters. None of us was intimate enough with him to get his confidence. He came to us from the Verreman line, running from Hamburg to the African coast. Through only twenty-three he was an efficient officer."

"I noticed him acting peculiarly on the bridge and thought it best to order him below to get a little rest. He took it very hard. Possibly he was in just that peculiarly unbalanced state when everything appears like persecution."

"It is a recognized symptom of insanity. I had only told him to go to his

cabin and rest, but he doubtless imagined that he was disgraced forever. We knew nothing about his family."

Following the suicide, which all on board regarded as an ill omen, the ship's machinery, which had worked as perfectly during her forty-five years old voyage, went astray.

On Aug. 1 a piston rod broke, following this the ball bearings became overheated and some of the heavy machinery got out of plumb, making the ship list, so that she plunged around in a circle for several hours.

The Deutschland is exceeded in size only by the Oceanic. She holds the record for speed, having made the distance between Sandy Hook and Plymouth in 5 days, 14 hours and 6 minutes. She was fourteen hours behind her record on the present trip.

The most notable passenger on board was the Standard Oil magnate, John D. Rockefeller. He was accompanied by his wife and son and other members of his family.

The Rockefellers, as usual, declined to speak of their travels.

STOCKS SAC AND TRADING LIGHT.

Railways and Industrials Were Up, but Sold Off at the Close.

An increase in the volume of business with prices on the rise marked the opening of the stock market today.

Some large blocks of stocks, principally in the railroad and industrial groups, changed hands in the early hours.

Among the industrials, Tennessee Coal & Iron, Republic Steel, American Coal & Iron, Chicago Terminal & Transportation, American Sugar and Glucose Sugar advanced from 1 to 1-1/2 points.

Smaller gains in this department were recorded in National Tube, American Car & Foundry, American Ice Co., American Steel & Wire and American Tobacco.

The railroads, especially Northern Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Burlington, Union Pacific and Denver & Rio Grande, showed noteworthy gains.

Metropolitan started off a quarter of a point at 154, but rallied to 156-1/2. Brooklyn Rapid Transit was up a full point, while Manhattan bettered itself a small fraction.

Fluctuations in the leading stocks were insignificant, the most extensive being a one-half point rally in Sugar and Union Pacific and a loss of as much as 1/2 point in Reading.

Reading led off at 125, but was sold off to 124. The previous transaction was 125. The bond market was irregular. Except for a few of the steel stocks and one or two railroad prices at noon slightly below Saturday.

Most of the business in the steel stocks was centered in Colorado Fuel and National Tube, both of which have been inactive for some time. Each advanced 1-1/2. Federal Steel and Steel & Wire ran off almost a point. The general tendency was easier.

Whatever was left of the earlier gains was generally wiped out in the closing decline of the market. Sugar fell over a point below Saturday, and Northern Pacific fell 1-1/2. Reading and Steel & Wire were the only ones that held.

The total sales of stocks today were 151,200 shares, and of bonds \$72,000 par value.

The Closing Quotations.

Ice Co	26 1/2	26 3/4	26 1/2	26 3/4
Am. Steel & Wire	24 1/2	24 3/4	24 1/2	24 3/4
Am. Steel & Wire pf	12 1/2	12 3/4	12 1/2	12 3/4
Am. Sugar	11 1/2	11 3/4	11 1/2	11 3/4
Am. Tobacco	9 1/2	9 3/4	9 1/2	9 3/4
Am. Coal & Iron	8 1/2	8 3/4	8 1/2	8 3/4
Al. Top. & S. P.	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/2	7 3/4
Al. Top. & S. P. pf	5 1/2	5 3/4	5 1/2	5 3/4
Armstrong Rapid Trans.	4 1/2	4 3/4	4 1/2	4 3/4
Armstrong	3 1/2	3 3/4	3 1/2	3 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P.	2 1/2	2 3/4	2 1/2	2 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
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Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. & S. P. pf	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/2	1 3/4
Chas. M. &				